

MAINE COLLEGE OF ART & DESIGN







Source: Boston Globe

Source: WNYC

CONTEXT

Total Population: 68,400
Higher Education Institutions: 5
Student Enrollment: 10,043

University of New England | 1,247 students

University of Southern Maine | 7,583* students

Maine College of Art & Design | 453 students

Roux Institute at Northeastern University | 500 students

Roux Institute at Northeastern University

University of Maine School of Law | 260 students

^{*} USM enrollment not divided by campus location. Students take courses on multiple campuses.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN MAINE RECENT PROJECTS

ROOTED IN PORTLAND



McGoldrick Center for Career & Student Success

USM Overlay Zone

Total Development: 42,000 SF

Student center

Dining hall

One-acre quad



Portland Commons

USM Overlay Zone Total Development: 210,000 SF 5 stories

580-bed (385 units) residence hall 2nd largest passive house building at a

university in U.S.

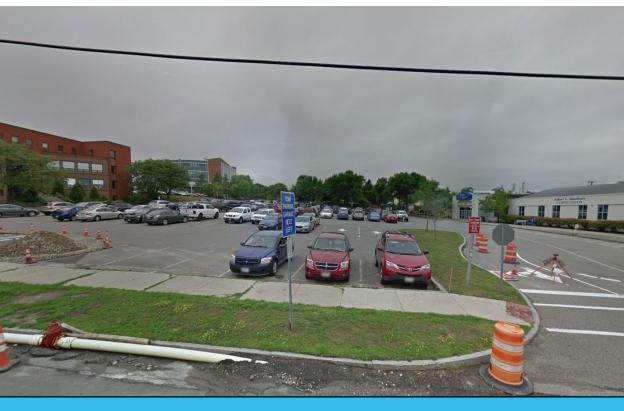


Crewe Center for the Arts

USM Overlay Zone Total Development: 40,000 SF Osher School of Music | Art gallery 200 seat performance hall

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN MAINE RECENT PROJECTS

ROOTED IN PORTLAND



JULY 2018



UNIVERSITY OF NEW ENGLAND RECENT PROJECTS

EDs & MEDs ON STEVENS AVE



Harold & Bibby Alfond Center for Health Sciences

Total Development: 110,000 sf College of Osteopathic Medicine Maine's only medical school



UNE Institutional Overlay Zone (IOZ)

Regulatory Framework

Under Review

UNE IOZ

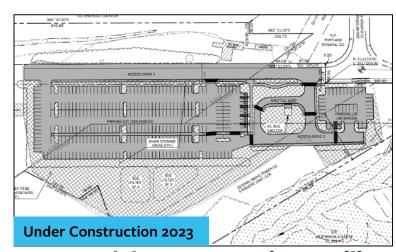
70-acre campusProject priorities

- Short term (o-5 years)
- Mid-range (5-10 years)
- Long term (5-20 years)

Programming

Design

Ongoing community engagement



Intermodal Transportation Facility & Connector Road

344 Parking spaces72 EV chargersNew internal connecter road

ROUX INSTITUTE AT NORTHEASTERN RECENT PROJECTS

SUPPORTING A 21st CENTURY ECONOMY







100 Fore Street

B6 Eastern Waterfront Zone 44,000 SF waterfront campus WEX, Inc. Headquarters

Roux IOZ

Regulatory framework (zoning) Institutional Development Plan Project Priorities

- Short term (o-5 years)
- Mid-range (5-10 years)
- Long term (10-20 years)

Programming

Design

Ongoing community engagement

1 Bean Pot Circle | Phase I

Roux IOZ

Total Development: 538,000 SF

New academic building

Adaptive reuse of Landmarked Bean Building

Public open space

Replacement of pier

UNIVERSITY OF MAINE LAW SCHOOL RECENT PROJECTS

DOWNTOWN RISING











Maine Law – 300 Fore Street

Total Redevelopment: 64,000 SF Proximity to courthouses, law firms, & businesses



Photo credit: Blind Dog Photo Associates

MAINE COLLEGE OF ART & DESIGN

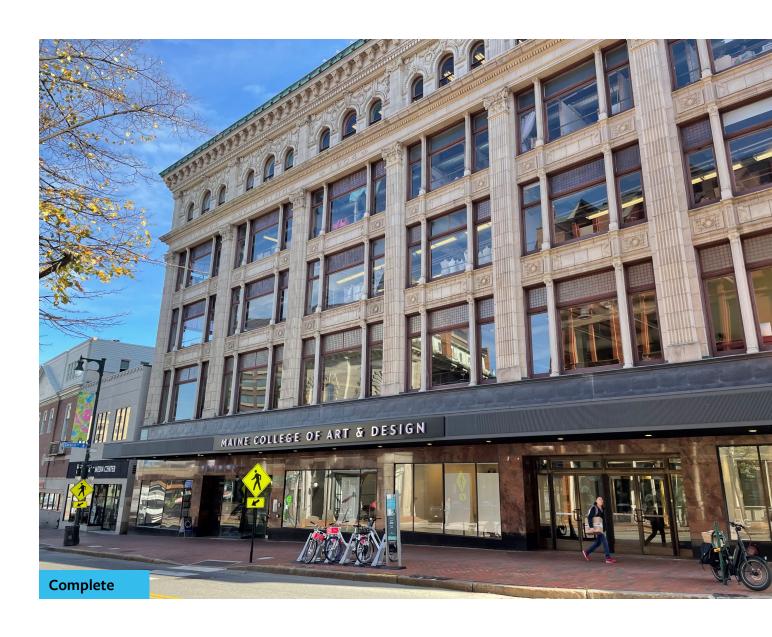
DOWNTOWN RISING

Porteous Building Renovation | 1993

B-3 Downtown Business zone Congress Street Historic District Contributing building 2016 Economic Development Achievement Award

Downtown Housing:

- Oak Street
- Shepley
- Erlang
- Monument Square



REGULATORY MECHANISMS FOR INSTITUTIONS

1. Institutional Overlay Zone (IOZ)

- University of Southern Maine
- University of New England (In Progress)
- Roux Institute at Northeastern University (Adopted 2023)

2. Overlay Zones

- University of Southern Maine (Adopted 2006)
- Waynflete School

Usin Overlay Autorited 2017

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8.10 UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN MAINE OVERLAY

8.10.1 Purpose

The intention of the University of Southern Maine Overlay Zone is to establish an overlay zone in which an existing university campus can be continued and reasonably expanded within defined boundaries, in addition to those uses permitted in the underlying zone or zones. The purpose of this section is to recognize the unique qualities of a university campus while at the same time protecting the value and integrity of established neighborhoods.

8.10.2 Location and applicability

The University of Southern Maine Overlay Zone is intended to encompass and define the University of Southern Maine campus west of Forest Avenue. Properties in the University of Southern Maine Overlay Zone shall continue to be governed by the regulations applicable to the underlying zone except as specifically modified by this section.

8.10.3 Permitted uses

- A. In addition to the permitted uses allowed in the underlying zones and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the use regulations for the underlying zones, post-secondary schools and university uses are permitted in the University of Southern Maine Overlay Zone, including, but not limited to:
- Classrooms.
- Laboratory and research facilities.
- Student unions.
- Dining halls.
- Bookstores.
- 6. Auditoriums.
- Concert and lecture halls.

- 8. Gymnasiums.
- Libraries.
- Outdoor use areas, such as "quads", greens, parks, gardens, art installations, and other active and passive noncommercial recreation spaces.
- 11. Faculty and student housing.
- Parking lots and garages.
- 13. Community meeting spaces.
- 14. Administrative and faculty offices.
- 15. Transportation facilities.
- 16. Maintenance facilities.
- 17. Utility buildings.
- 18. Student health services.
- Daycare facilities, nursery schools and kindergartens operated in conjunction with university programs or serving students, faculty or employees of the university and their families, with associated outside play areas.
- Other buildings, structures and uses customarily incidental to a university.
- B. On lots fronting on Chamberlain Avenue and Exeter Street, university uses shall be limited to faculty housing, graduate student housing, faculty offices and administrative offices, and buildings containing such uses shall be designed and maintained so as to complement the residential character of the street as required in Subsection 8:10.9
- C. No change of use permit shall be required for any of the above uses in actual existence as of the date of enactment of the University of Southern Maine Overlay Zone.

INSTITUTIONAL OVERLAY ZONE BACKGROUND

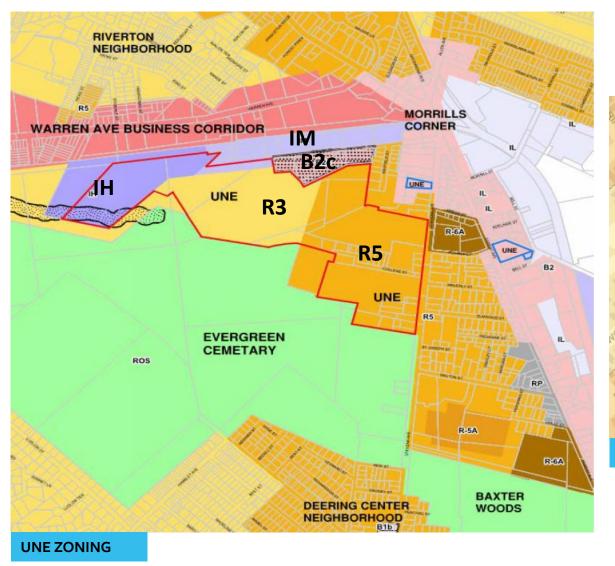
- Adopted in 2017
- City's four major institutions:
 - Maine Medical Center
 - Mercy Hospital
 - University of Southern Maine
 - University of New England
 - Roux Institute at Northeastern University (added in 2023)
- Institutions were considering major changes & expansions
- Existing zoning context presented challenges
 - MMC contract zone (2005) did not support their long-term vision
 - UNE's existing zoning consisted of 5 disparate zones

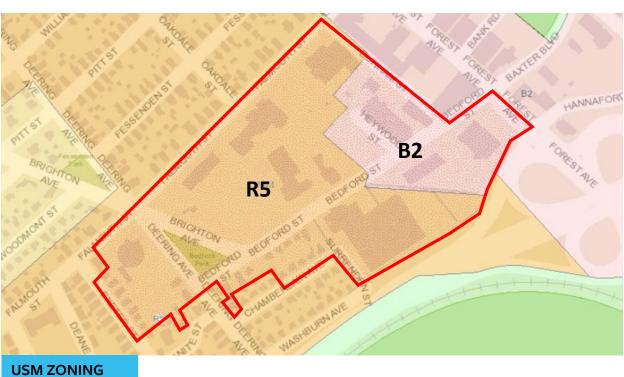
What problem are we trying to solve?

- Lack of clarity & predictability in our growth management approach
- Disparate regulatory approaches
- Community concerns/Need for improved communication
- Lack of data
- Limited understanding of long-range planning
- Most of all improved partnerships



INSTITUTIONAL OVERLAY ZONE BACKGROUND





INSTITUTIONAL OVERLAY ZONE BACKGROUND

What are the goals

- Clear & Predictable growth management structure for major institutions.
- More transparent and defined mechanism for understanding and addressing community concerns about institutional expansion.



Source: University of New England

BACKGROUND - RESEARCH | OUTREACH



INSTITUTIONAL OVERLAY ZONE

An IOZ <u>is</u>	An IOZ <u>is not</u>
 Created for higher education and medical institutions Regulatory tool that requires proactive planning Zoning framework to support & facilitate consistent, predictable growth Requires analysis of future impacts Includes monitoring requirements Requires ongoing public engagement 	 Approval of a specific development Site plan/subdivision application Traffic Movement Permit Transportation Demand Management Plan Granting approval to build Requiring anything to be built Restricting non-institutional development

INSTITUTIONAL OVERLAY ZONE COMPONENTS

An IOZ includes three components:

IOZ Map Amendment

Establishes the IOZ boundary.

Institutional Development Plan (IDP)

An IDP serves as a master plan for an institution in the short-, mid-, and long-term documenting current and anticipated conditions.

Regulatory Framework

To implement the vision of the IDP, the Regulatory Framework supplements the existing base zoning through use, dimensional and design requirements, as well as specify the process for monitoring reports & amendments to the IDP & Regulatory Framework and neighborhood integration.





Applicability
All principal buildings and structures located within the IOZ and located on land owned or leased by the Roux Institute shall be subject to the dimensional requirements of the underlying zone.

Maximum building heights for new principal buildings in the IOZ shall be governed by the Rules of Measurement oux IOZ Height Map (Figure 8-F)

Publicly accessible corridor: A corridor accessible to the general public that is open to the sky or Profits accessible corridor: A corridor accessible to the general public that is open to the sky of enclosed with a minimum width of 20 feet. Enclosed portions of publicly accessible corridors shall have a

Street wall: Within the Roux IOZ the term "street wall" shall mean a wall or portion of a wall that Street wall: Within the Roux IDZ the term istreet wall is nall mean a wall or portion or a wall that includes the principal entry to a building facing a street, public right-of-way, major pedestrian access or open space. Or open space of the principal entry to a building shall be determined by the nectors are principal entry to a building racing a street, public right-on-way, major penestrian accerdings, or open spaces. Orientation of the principal entry to a building shall be determined by the

nimum and maximum street wall heights

Minimum and maximum street wall neights

New principal buildings in the IOZ shall rise to a minimum street wall height of forty-five feet (45'), and



- Adopted by City Council in 2023
- 1st higher education institution in Portland to create an IOZ
- Elements of Roux IOZ:
 - Institutional Development Plan (IDP)
 - Zoning requirements (Regulatory Framework)
 - uses
 - design standards,
 - dimensional requirements
 - height overlay map
- Neighborhood engagement strategy



Regulatory Framework Content:

- A. Applicability
- B. Phasing and Monitoring
- C. Additional Permitted Uses
- D. Dimensional Requirements
- E. Transportation
- F. Environment
- G. Mitigation Measures
- H. Design Standards
- I. Neighborhood Integration
- J. Historic Preservation

Institutional Development Plan Roux Institute Campus November 2022





- Structured around the institution's vision and mission
- Includes baseline data
- Assessment of future growth
- Analysis to anticipate future impacts

IDP informs the regulations in the regulatory framework & frames subsequent site plan reviews.

Key Content

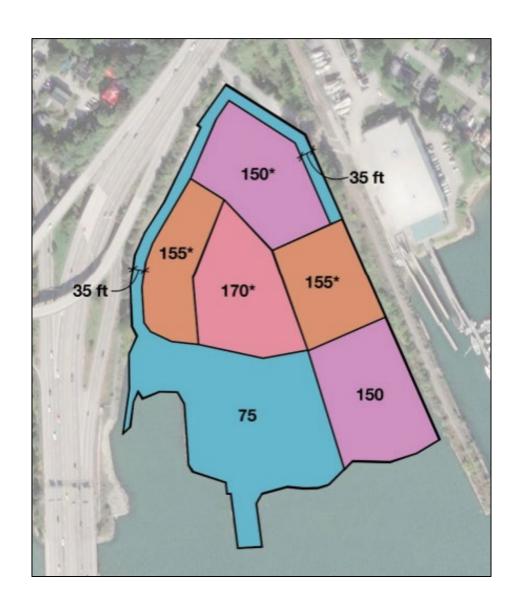
- Added 3 permitted uses
- Hotel Limitations

Add Permitted Uses		
Laboratory and research facilities		
Low-impact Industrial (>10,000 SF)		
High-Tech Manufacturing		

Hotel Limitations			
No more than one hotel within IOZ boundary			
No more than 130 rooms			
No more than 8 stories tall			

Key Content

- Adds 3 permitted uses
- Hotel limitations
- Establishes Height Overlay Map
- Additional Dimensional Standards
- Design Guidelines



Key Content

- Adds 3 permitted uses
- Hotel limitations
- Establishes Height Overlay Map
- Additional Dimensional Standards
- Design Guidelines
- Environment:
 - Adds 3 acres of public open space
 - Creates Sustainability & Resilience Charter
 - Design for Flood Resilience
 - Utilizing bird safe design strategies



Key Content Continued

- Transportation
 - Identifies transportation requirements to accompany future development proposals, such as TDM and TMPs
 - Identifies trip (37%) and parking (20%)reduction targets
 - Identifies TDM strategies to be employed
 - Incorporates Bike and Pedestrian access
 - Site circulation plan and connectivity
 - Identifies potential mitigation measures



Key Content Continued

- Neighborhood Integration
 - Host neighborhood forums (quarterly basis)
 - Maintain Roux Institute website
 - Establish Community Advisory Group (quarterly meetings)
 - Designate community contact
 - Regular outreach to interested stakeholders





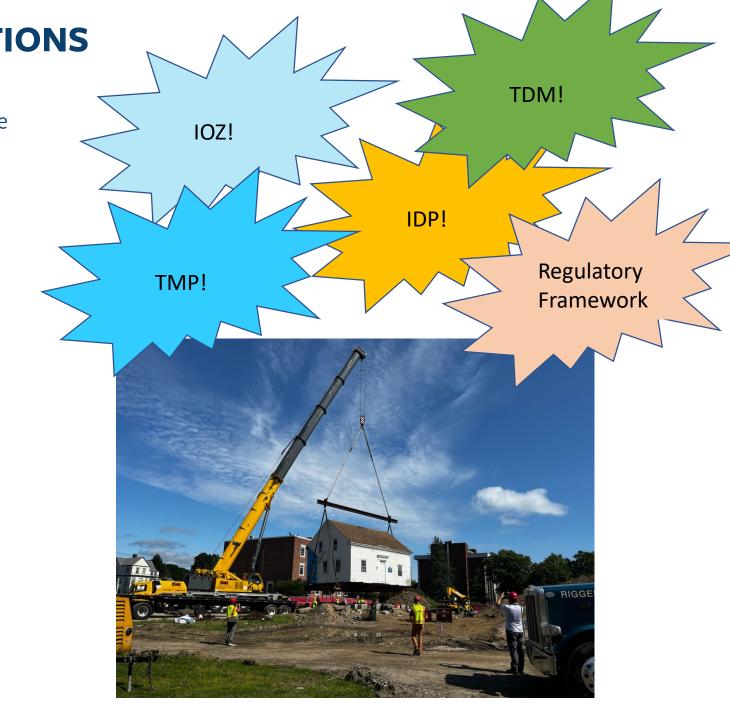




Development Plans are conceptual and intended to illustrate how design guidelines and principals could potentially be implemented at this site.

CHALLENGES & CONSIDERATIONS

- Terminology associated with IOZ is a challenge
- Setting expectations
 - Transportation mitigation
 - Open space
 - Building design
- Why IOZ?
- Changes and amendments process
- Right, Title, and Interest
 - Partnerships
- Clear zoning
- Tensions (town gown relationship)
- Long-term community engagement
 - Who should be involved
 - Oversight
- Transparent process
- Encourages long-range planning
- Mitigate community fears



PANELIST

Kevin Kraft: Deputy Director, City of Portland Planning & Urban Development Christine Grimando: Director, City of Portland Planning & Urban Development Mary Costigan: Bernstein Shur

Liz Kohler: Managing Director of Partnerships Roux Institute at Northeastern Andy Osheroff: Director Career & Employment Hub University of Southern Maine





REGULATORY MECHANISMS FOR INSTITUTIONS

Institutions	Current Zoning	Institutional Overlay Zone Eligible	Historic Designation
MECA&D	B-3 Downtown Business	No	Congress Street Historic District
Univ. of Maine Law	B-3 Downtown Business	No	
Univ. of Southern Maine	USM Overlay Zone	Yes	Deering Farmhouse
Univ. of New England	R3, R5, B2, IM, IH	Yes (IOZ in progress)	Westbrook College Historic District
Roux Institute at Northeastern	Roux Institutional Overlay Zone	Yes	B&M Landmark