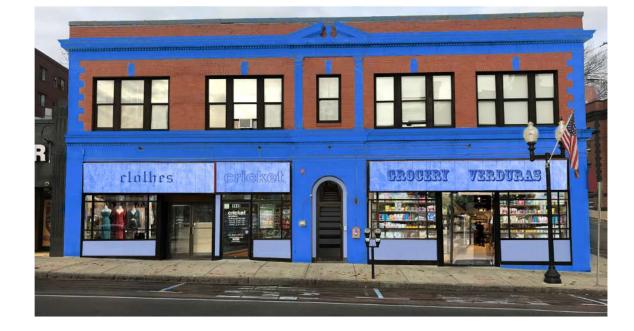


B



Which one do you prefer?

Let us know!



D

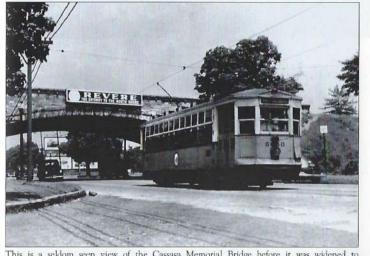
The Broadway Corridor REVERE MASSACHUSETTS BAY BOSTON SOUTH CENTRAL **NORTH**

Busy Corridor



Historical Layers





This is a seldom seen view of the Cassasa Memorial Bridge before it was widened to accommodate the increased traffic of Revere Beach Parkway. The bridge is named in honor of Andrew Cassasa, the first Italian mayor of Revere.

Variety of Commercial Uses



















Autodependant uses



















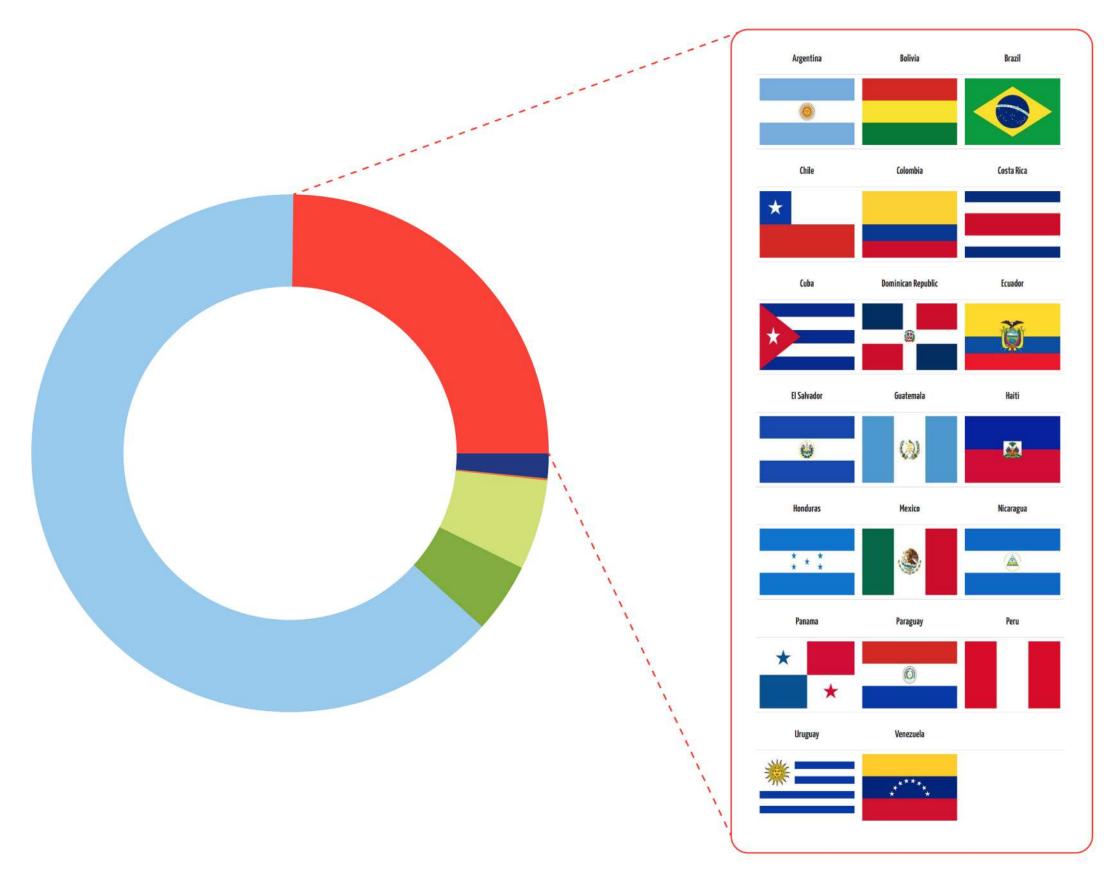
Revere population breakdown by race and ethnicity

Source: U.S. Census

- Non-Hispanic Other
- Non-Hispanic Native American
- Non-Hispanic Asian/Pacific Islander
- Non-Hispanic Black
- Non-Hispanic White
- Hispanic or Latino/a

Leverage Revere's cultural diversity

Revere has always been a multi-cultural community. Celebrate this diversity!



Process

Grant Allocation Scorecard

	Funding Criteria								
	Catalytic Impact	Building and Facade Maintenance	Commercial Vibrancy	Design Guidelines	Matching Supports	Business Longevity			
	Project has no tangible impact on any business	Project has no demonstrable impact on neighborhood blight	Project does not help align the businesses' goals with their customers' goals	Project is not aligned to the Sign and Facade Design Guidelines	Project leverages no additional funding to expand impact				
1	Project impacts one (1) Revere business	Project has some demonstrable impact reducing neighborhood blight	Project somewhat aligns the businesses' goals with their customers' goals	Project is somewhat aligned to the Sign and Facade Design Guidelines	Project leverages at least 50% additional funding to expand impact	Business has existed at this location for less than one (1) year			
2	Project impacts two (2) Revere businesses	Project has a clear impact on reducing neighborhood blight			Project leverages at least a 1:1 ratio match to expand impact	Business has existed at this location for less than five (5) year			
5	Project impacts three (3) or more Revere business	Project has a clear impact that extends beyond the building to the surrounding block	Project clearly aligns the businesses' goals with their customers' goals	Project is clearly aligned to the goals of the Sign and Facade Design Guidelines	Project leverages a greater than 1:1 ratio match to expand impact	Business has existed at this location for more than five (5) year			

Process

Grant Allocation Scorecard

7 points

	Funding Criteria								
	Catalytic Impact	Building and Facade Maintenance	Commercial Vibrancy	Design Guidelines	Matching Supports	Business Longevity			
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Timeline

from a business point of view

START Tope									FINISH UNE		
		Dec			April	August		1	Sept		dile
	SUBMIT INITIAL PAPERWORK	ONE-ON-ONE INTERVIEWS	ANALYSIS AND BRAINSTORMING	RECEIVE TAILORED RECOMMENDATIONS	DESIGN REVISIONS	GRANT SELECTION	SELECT ITEMS TO BE INCORPORATED	SELECT VENDORS (2)	SIGN CONTRACT	RECEIVE GRANT	MAKE FACADE UPDATES
Broadway Motors	 	 			 	 	 			 	
Murry's Tavern			 		 	 				 	- 88
Sofistech Convenience Market					 	 				 	- 88
Chamber of Commerce			 		 	 				 	-88
Claremont Insurance	 				 						- 33
Service La Oaxaqueña	 	 	 		 	 				 	
B&M Grill	 				 	 				 	8
Mak's Roast Beef & Pizza	 				 	 				 	- 88
Patriot Taxi	 	 				; ! !					-

What is "good signage"?

a designer's perspective

Less Desired



Full window coverage



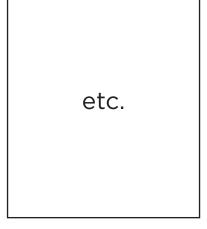
Size & Proportion



Vinyl banners



Enclosed Awnings



But what about different cultural practices?

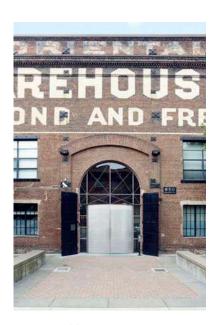
Preferred



Metal Awning



Neon Signs



Wall Signs



Blade Signs



Murals

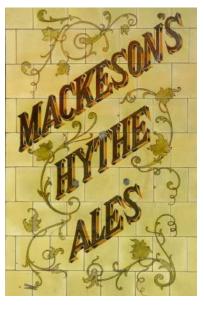
Signage Eras

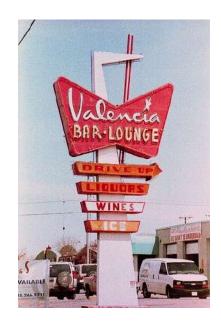
a crash course











THE ROLLS

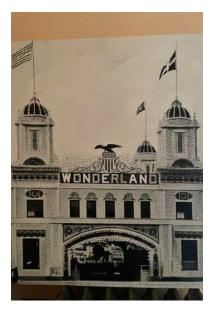
DESIGNERS







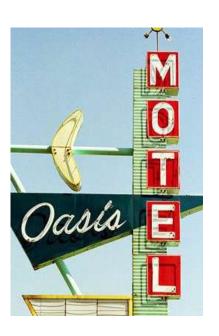




19th CENTURY



EARLY 20th



MID 20th



THE AGE OF NEON



BRANDING



PRESENT DAY

New Restrictions Sign Ordinances





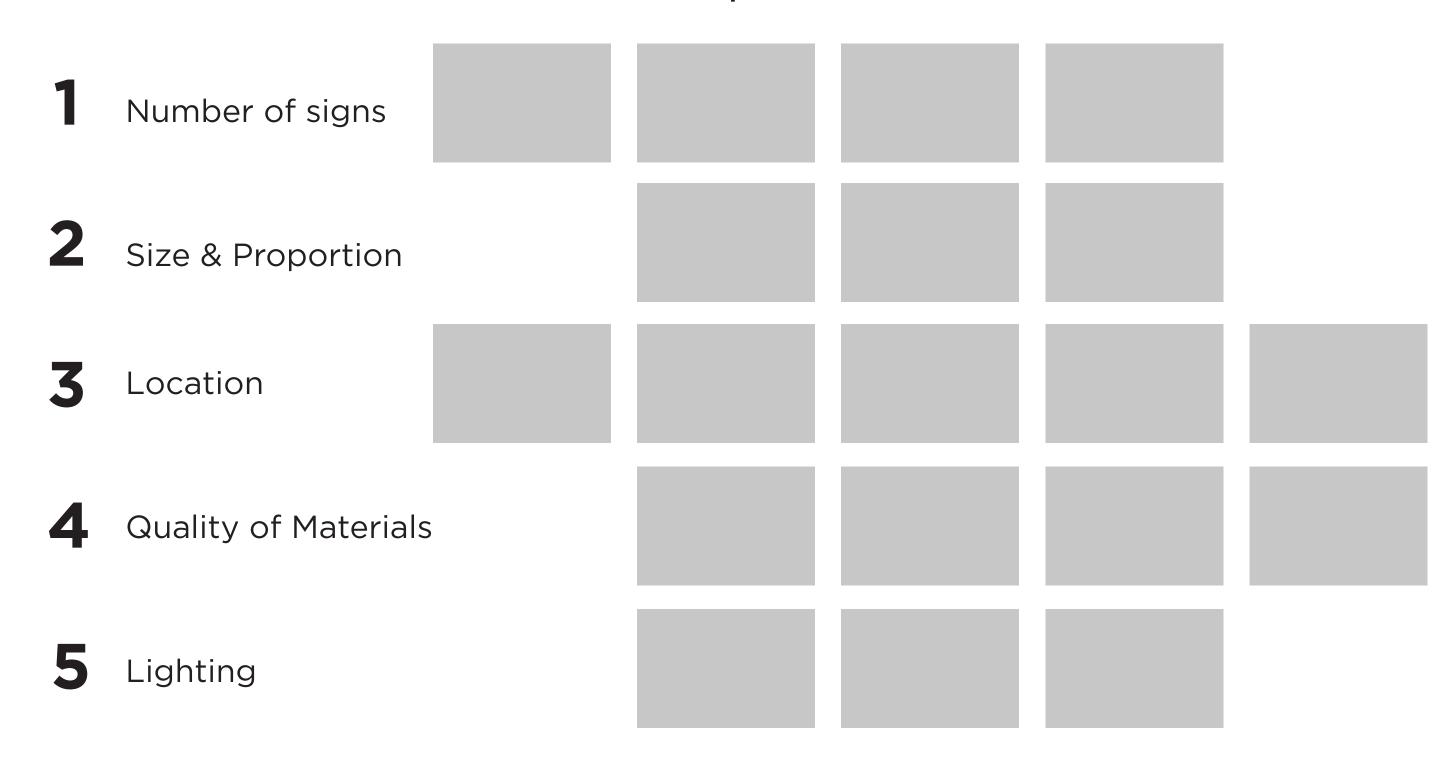
"good signage" in the public realm?

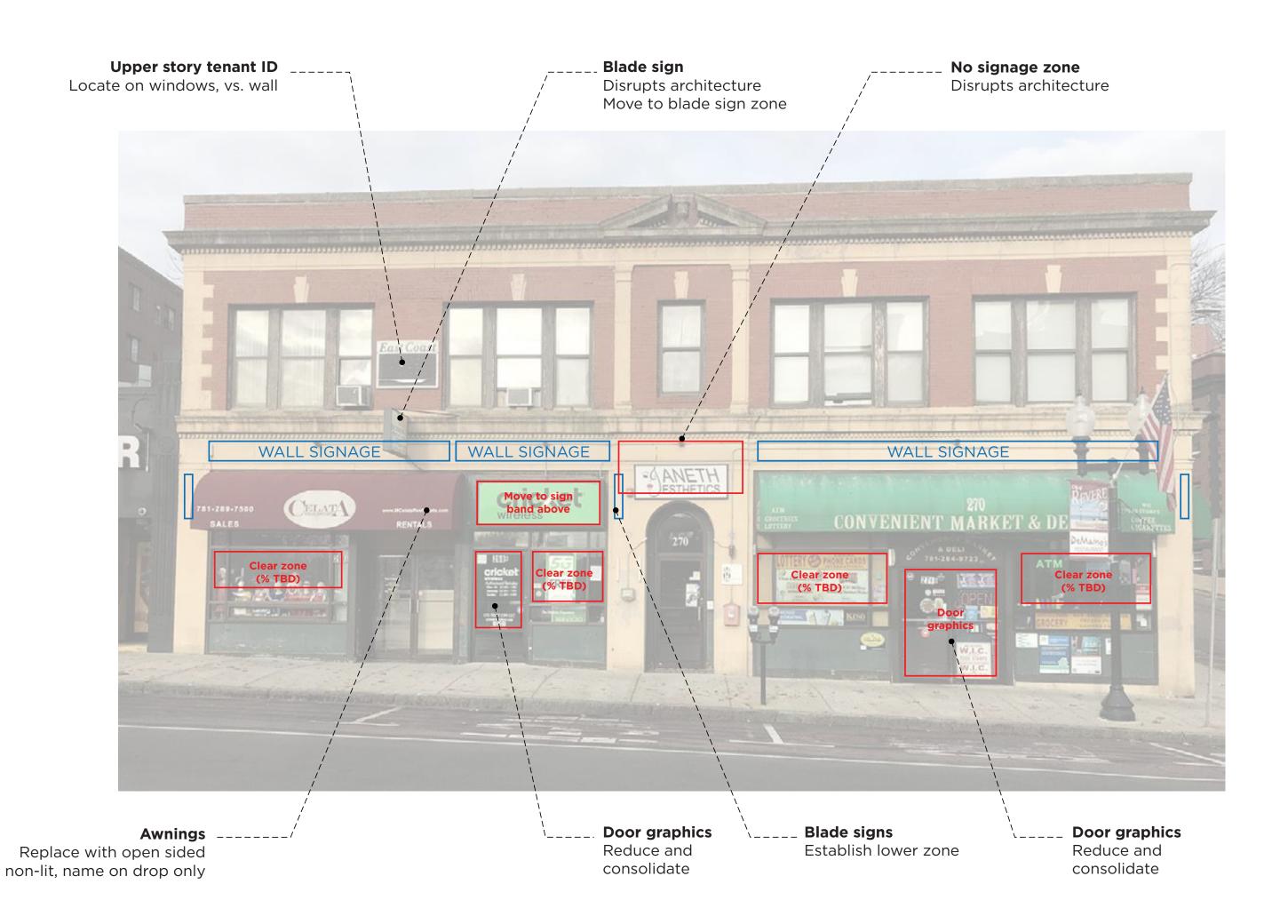
•Often, there are no craftspeople and no designers - and funds are limited

•The only* way to influence good signage is through <u>guidelines</u>

"good signage" in the public realm?

What are the most important areas to control?





Streetscape Context

What the Guidelines will address













BRAND IDENTITY

A strong brand identity
strengthens a company's
presence and popularity.
Leverage distinctive elements of
the business name, logo, color
or design to build a strong visual
image on the building or facade.

LIGHTING

Night lighting extends street life after retail business hours, highlights the interior, showcases products and activates the corridor. Effective lighting increases the pedestrian experience and sense of safety.









TRANSPARENCY

The display zone for a ground floor commercial spaces need to reinforce the visual connection between the interior and exterior environments and allow for effective window shopping and merchandising.









MATERIALS

The storefront, interior and signage need to be of the highest quality and assembled with craftsmanship in mind. Materials need to be durable, finished and easily maintainable with the method of attachment concealed.



















SIGNAGE

Signage must be of high-quality construction, materials, details and finishes. They should be compatible with the overall design of the tenant's space and invite customers to browse and shop.



COLOR

There is no universal symbolism for colors; different cultures assign different meanings to colors. However, if properly applied, color reinforces the organization and hierarchy of elements in a design.



















UTILITIES

Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC), as well as electrical, fire alarm/life safety and plumbing should be carefully integrated into the storefront and interior design concept of the business and building.









OUTDOOR SPACE

Outdoor areas that are contiguous to a building should allow for landscape zones, furnishings, fixtures and shade structures that are well designed and accessible to people of all abilities.











ARCHITECTURE

Storefronts have their individual identities and histories. They should enhance the pedestrian experience, be unique expressions of a tenant's brand and meet or exceed the quality of the base building's architecture.



PROCESS OF ENGAGEMENT **ONE CLIENT** Π IV VI **PHASES** V 11 ONE ON ONE **SCHEDULING DOCUMENTATION BRAINSTORM DESIGN CONCEPTS** CLIENT FEEDBACK **UPDATES ON SITE IN OFFICE** ON SITE IN OFFICE FEEDBACK LAYOUT IDEAS DRAW Updates to city **BRAINSTORM ELEVATIONS** Drawing schedules DOWNLOAD Meet with business THEMES Notice TO SERVER TAKE LOGOS **Business** to **PHOTOS** owner DRAW Proceed OF SITE **ELEVATIONS** VIRTUAL Final meeting **Owners** COLORS **BUSINESS OWNER** TO SCALE times Version COMMENTS **NOTES** PERSONALITIES WRITE TEXT DESCRIPTION Application Of Ideas Precedent Examples Brand Celebration































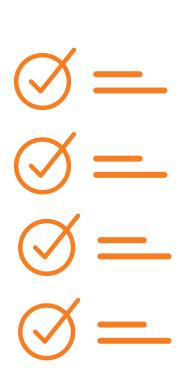


One-on-ones Toolkit









Case Studies

Bilingual Abilities

Knowledge of Sign Types

List of Questions

Branding and marketing materials

Provided by business owners













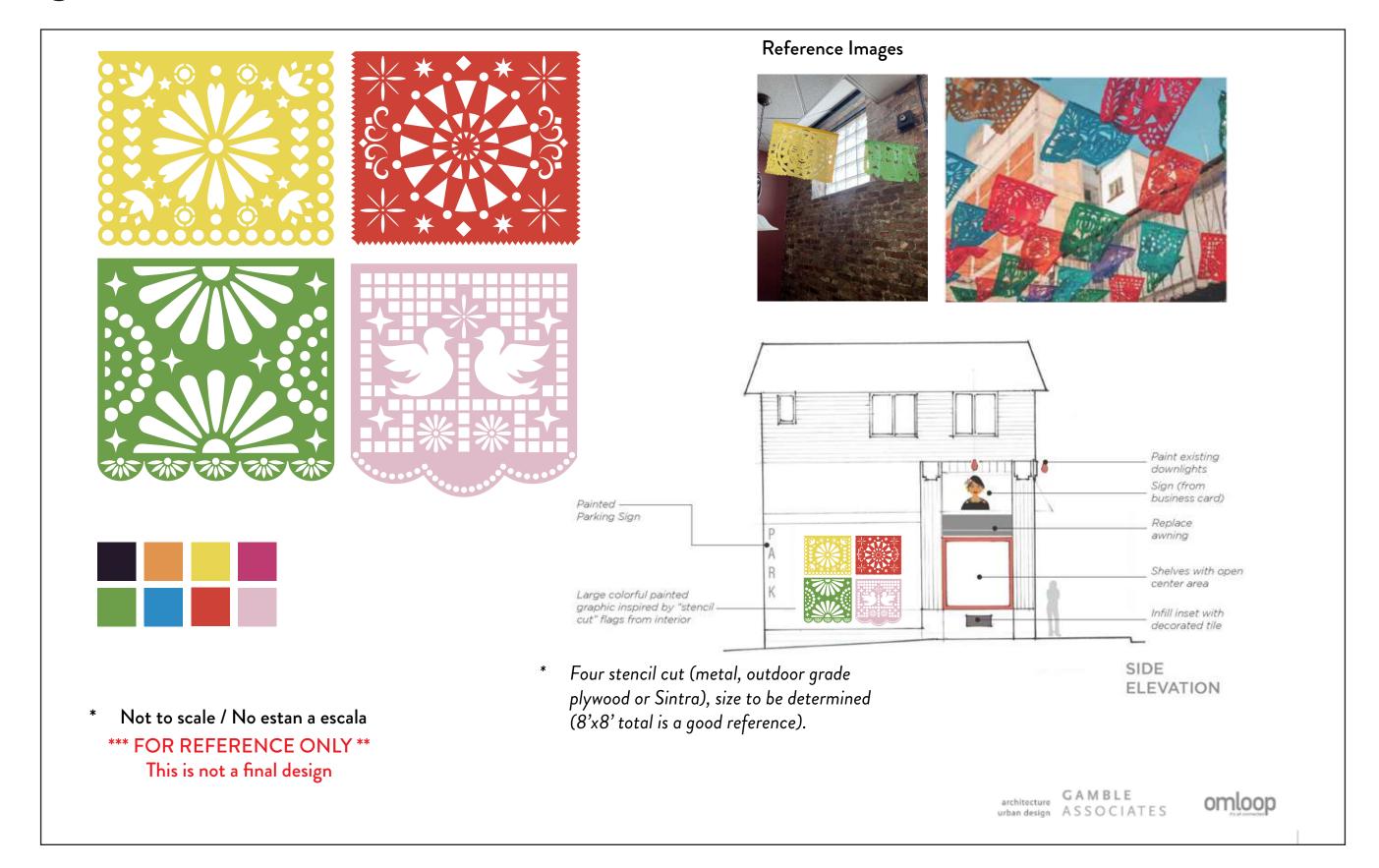






Implementation

Signage Recommendations





DESIGN GUIDELINES FOR REVERE'S COMMERCIAL CORRIDORS

A POCKET GUIDE to understanding the Design Guidelines for Business Districts in Revere, MA



There are many varied buildings, styles of architecture and types of businesses that contribute to Revere's vibrant commercial corridors.

WHAT THIS INITIATIVE IS:

- · An opportunity to strengthen corridor character
- · An economic development incentive to stimulate activity
- · An opportunity to celebrate the city's diversity

VERSION I

architecture GAMBLE

omloop

August 1, 2023

To promote Revere's unique commercial districts, the City hired Gamble Associates and omloop, Architects, Urban Designers and Planners to develop storefront and signage design guidelines for Revere's commercial corridors. The goal is to preserve the individuality of small businesses that are staples of the city's commercial districts and the consumers they serve.

This pocket guide provides examples of storefront and signage improvements that can be explored and implemented by small businesses and property owners when upgrading their facades. The Design Guidelines are organized into nine categories and summarize concepts that emerged from conversations with individual business owners and city planners. They are intended to enhance buildings and the public realm interface that stimulate economic activity.

SIX OVERARCHING PRINCIPLES

1. Leverage the City of Revere's cultural diversity

Revere has always been multi-cultural. Celebrate it!

2. Keep it local

Celebrate the uniqueness of the brand

3. Remove clutter

Uncover the materials that have covered up the past

4. Right-size the scale of the signage

Update or install signs that are in proportion to the facade

5. Use a light touch

Reduce the number of elements; less is more.

6. Integrate lighting

Ensure the building is property lit, safe and attractive

Taken together, these principles direct property owners and tenants to take steps that beautify their buildings and businesses and increase vitality.







TRANSPARENCY











MATERIALS



PUBLIC SPACE



SIGNAGE COLOR LIGHTING ARCHITECTURE

BRAND IDENTITY

Every business has a brand, a unique identity with colors and font styles and sizes. Many have logos that are distinctive. These elements can be amplified with signage and through the application of color. The most effective brands work at a variety of scales and can be seen on the building as both a pedestrian on the sidewalk and from the street traveling at the speed of a car. Take advantage of the most compelling aspect of your brand to increase traffic to your business. store, restaurant or shop-

- Decorative or well made signs that reflect the individuality of the business
- Cultural references and elements that make a store unique The incorporation of logos on the building facades
- · Historical (ghost) signage that recalls a building's past life

- · Too many colors (two main colors and three accents are usually enough) or color schemes that conflict with the brand's identity or signage
- Clutter (lavers built up over time)
- Mixed messages
 Long mottos or business slogans



Every business has one color scheme that defines it. Choose a backdrop color that makes the business brand or logo stand out through contrast or one that harmonizes and complements the building's facade. Colors are trendy and what constitutes a "good" color is subjective, however an effective color for a building will accentuate historical details of the architecture that make it unique, such as the cornice, parapet or window trim or one that reinforces the building's massing and proportions.

ENCOURAGE

COLOR

The identity of the building or brand through the use of color Color to highlight or express cultural affiliations or products

- The presence of deteriorating signs, awnings, billboards and equipment
- Colors that compete with the architectural elements of the building





Materials should be selected with respect to their performative characteristics and sustainable qualities rather than just trends or aesthetic appeal. With this in mind, durability, maintenance, recyclability characteristics, energy use and

consumption needs should be taken into account. When feasible, use natural and sustainable materials. Durable and natural materials will ensure a high degree of quality and long-term viability.

- The use of durable, high-quality materials that are locally-sourced Sustainable materials with low embodied energy and are recyclable
- · Materials that are historically appropriate for Revere

- · The use of vinyl, plastic or poor-quality building finishes
- Faux materials that mimic other materials

MATERIALS



Comonad



TRANSPARENCY

Increasing the amount of visibility into a business brings a number of benefits. For one, greater transparency enables pedestrians to view into the space which increases safety and security. Second. more natural light allows more products or services inside the space to be seen from the outside. Third, the organization of what is sold (or the services provided) can be better organized or displayed as a result of increased visibility

- Increase visibility into the store with more areas of glass.
- Return size of openings to their historical scale or proportion Organize merchandise in a manner that reinforces the brand
- · Interior or accent lighting

DISCOURAGE

- The build-up of posters and advertisements on windows
- Painting over or covering glass with solid panels
 The haphazard organization of goods or products
- · The use of awnings that are in poor condition



LIGHTING

A successful commercial corridor is a compelling place to be at all times of the day. even at night when businesses may be closed. Effective lighting calls attention to a store or business or restaurant while also capitalizing on the architectural features of the building. There are many varieties of light fixtures - from cove lighting to spot lighting to wall washers to sidewalk projections - but an effective lighting strategy will reinforce brand identity while also providing safety and security The application of lighting needs to be strategic.



- Accent lighting that highlights architectural details
 Full cut-off downlights and recessed fixtures
- Cove, neon and sidewalk projection lighting

DISCOURAGE

- Internally lit plastic signs Light sources that create glare
- Motion, flashing or animated lighting



PUBLIC SPACE

Great urban streets are great places. Incorporating street trees, planting beds and natural green buffers provide shade and increase comfort. The environmental benefits of landscaped areas reduce heat island impacts, assist with ground water recharge and filter pollutants. Even small amounts of planting areas have a large visual impact. Where possible, remove impervious surfaces such as asphalt and concrete to facilitate the greening of the site.



- · The use of landscape buffers to shield adjacent properties and parking
- Planting of local, drought tolerant plants that address stormwater
- Maintenance and growth of existing trees on the property
 Removal of asphalt or concrete where permeable pavers are possible
- . The incorporation of outdoor spaces for seating and gathering

- Large expanses of asphalt from property line to property line Improvements that are not ADA accessible
- Unscreened or unenclosed trash receptacles
 Broken or weathered outdoor dining equipment







SIGNAGE

Commercial establishments need to advertise. However, signs should be appropriate to Revere without contributing to visual clutter. A balance needs to be struck between calling attention to an individual business and forging a positive collective image for the corridor. Signs can either complement or detract from that image depending on their design, placement, quantity, size, materials, colors and condition. Effective signage works at many scales. Identifying the most appropriate scale for signage without overwhelming the building is key.

- Attractive signs that are proportional to the building
- A diversity of sign types visible to pedestrians and moving cars Signs that are located above the storefront (frieze or transom)
- Signs that are located active true stored on the rest of transor.

 Colors that complement the building

 Open face metal channel letters with period script styles

 Signage out through a surface and illuminated from behind.

 Reverse channel "halo" letters.
- Externally illuminated signage: carved, raised or free standing

- Cabinet signs (fabricated sign boxes with backlight plastic faces) Vacuum-formed plastic letters
- Digitally-printed flat panel signs
- Visible name, stamps, or decals of the sign manufacturer
 Non-ornamental hardware or brackets used to attach signs
- SCHOOLHOUSE

ARCHITECTURE

Revere's commercial corridors have buildings as diverse as their businesses. The corridors evolved incrementally over many years; diversity of architectural styles is a good thing. A singular design aesthetic is neither possible nor necessary. Foreground elements of a building such as cornice lines or roof profiles that make it unique through color, material, signage and/or lighting and background and obscure things that are less important. Service entries or mechanical equipment should painted to visually recede and be screened from view.



- Consider the building elevation as a whole unit/composition Capitalize on the details of the building that make it distinctive
- Universal (and ADA compliant) design for people of all abilities and ages If several businesses share one building develop a common strategy and team up with other tenants/owners rather than as individuals (choose a building

DISCOURAGE

- A wide variety of canopies and architectural elements
- Stand-alone signs not designed as a part of the building Temporary fixes that become permanent over time



Buildings have significant heating and cooling requirements, regardless of the size of the building. Rooftop mechanical units and/or window air-conditioning units are necessary for comfort. However, their location and placement can easily overwhelm a building's façade. Rooftop mechanical equipment should be setback from the primary building elevation and screened from view from the public right-of-way. Remove outdated equipment and, where possible, replace legacy units with contemporary, high-performance options

- The coloration of mechanical elements that can camouflage them
- Visual screening with louvers for rooftop mechanical areas
- . The removal of old or outdated equipment Centralized areas for utility locations

DISCOURAGE

- Haphazard or unintentional locations for utilities
- · Exposed electrical conduit
- · Broken or cracked utility covers, vents or screens



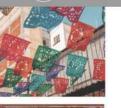


























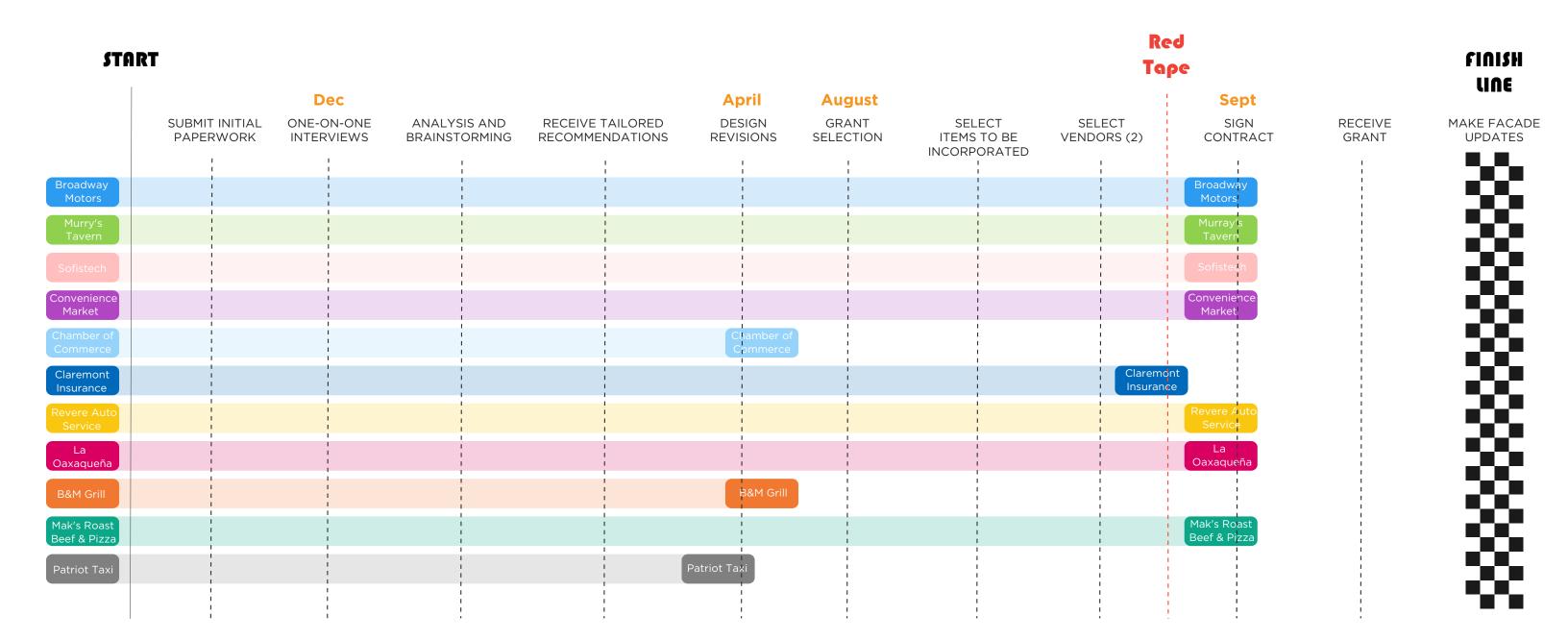






Timeline

from a business point of view



Lessons Learned

- Quick wins can help avoid planning fatigue
- Contextuality is important
- •Clear and transparent scoring criteria is key
- Guidelines need a <u>strong visual component</u> to be understood
- •Budget more time for <u>hand-holding</u> than you thought necessary

Challenges

- •Signage materiality! How to be specific without designing each one
- Language barriers
- Cultural/<u>aesthetic</u> barriers
- •Red tape: state and federal grants (strings, time consuming, intimidating, complex)
- Not one size fits all
- Maintaining relationships with scarce resources

Next Steps

- New and improved phase 2
- Initiating a Broadway Master Plan
- Determining a post-ARPA vision for Sign and Facade work
- Leveraging relationships into long-term change









Thank You!